



Understanding IPsec

- Overview
- Two-Phase Connection
- Modes
- Configuration
- Debug Interpretation



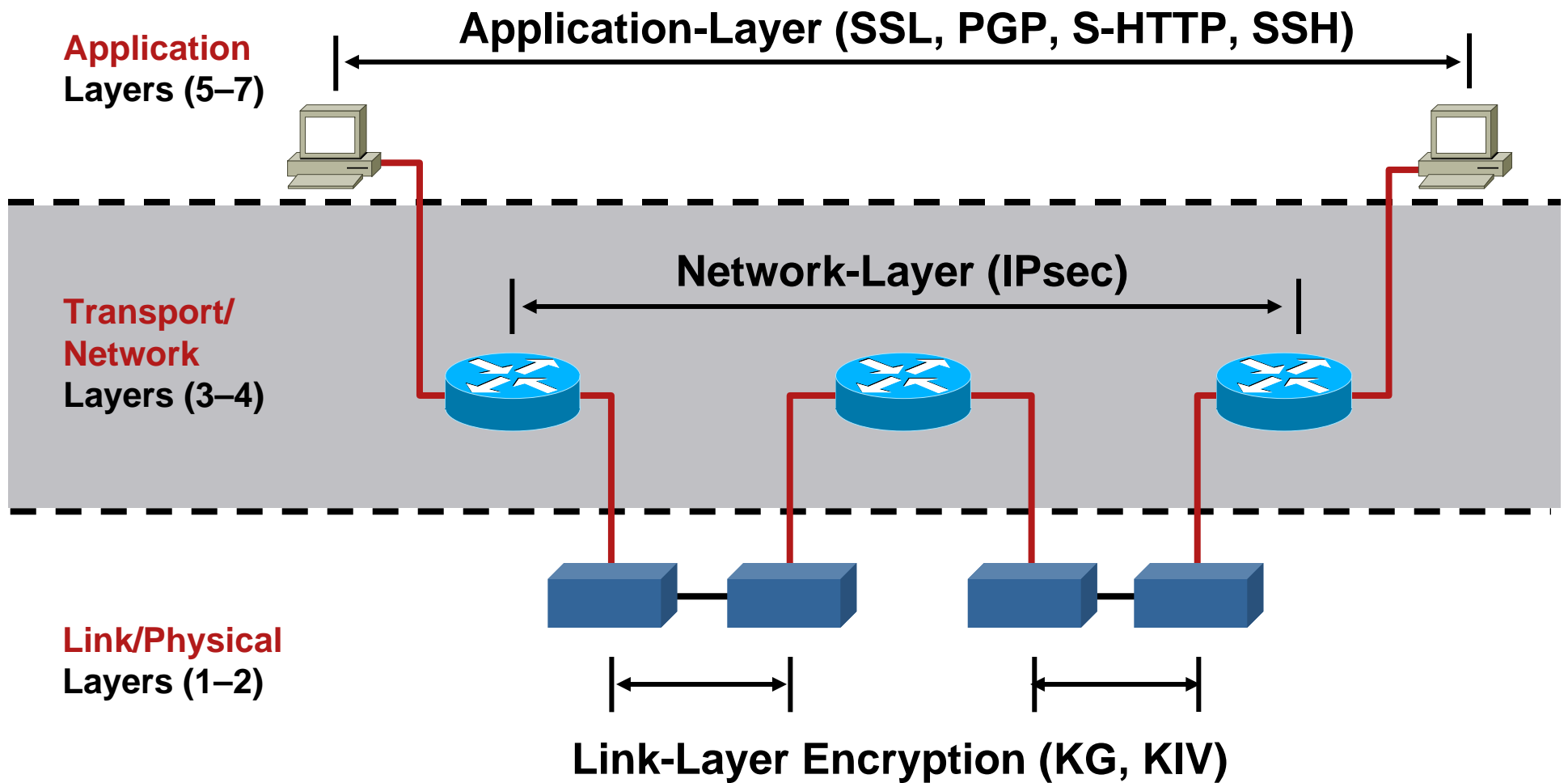
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What Is IPsec?

Internet Protocol Security

- IPsec is a set of security protocols and algorithms used to **secure IP data at the network layer**.
- IPsec provides data **confidentiality** (**encryption**), **integrity** (**hash**), and **authentication** (**signatures and certificates**) of IP packets while maintaining the ability to route them through existing IP networks.

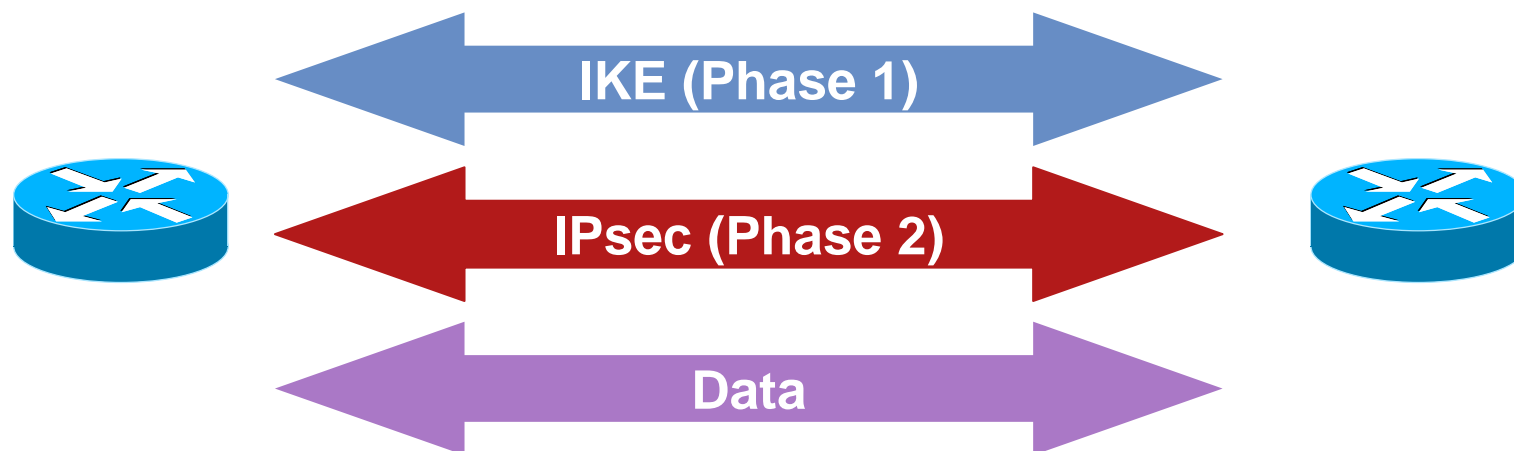
Encryption Layers



IPsec

- IPsec can ensure the confidentiality and authenticity of IP packets.
- These are the key points of IPsec:
 - Two modes of propagation (transport and tunnel)
 - Security associations (SAs)
 - Two types of header (ESP and AH)
- IPsec does not provide a key exchange mechanism.

IPsec: Building a Connection



- Two-phase protocol:

Phase 1 exchange: Two peers establish a secure, authenticated channel with which to communicate; **Main mode** or **Aggressive mode** accomplishes a Phase 1 exchange.

There is also a **Transaction Mode**, that sits between Phase 1 and Phase 2; (Phase 1.5) which is used for Cisco Easy VPN (EzVPN) client scenario performing XAUTH or client attributes (mode config).

Phase 2 exchange: Security associations are negotiated on behalf of IPsec services; **Quick Mode** accomplishes a Phase 2 exchange.

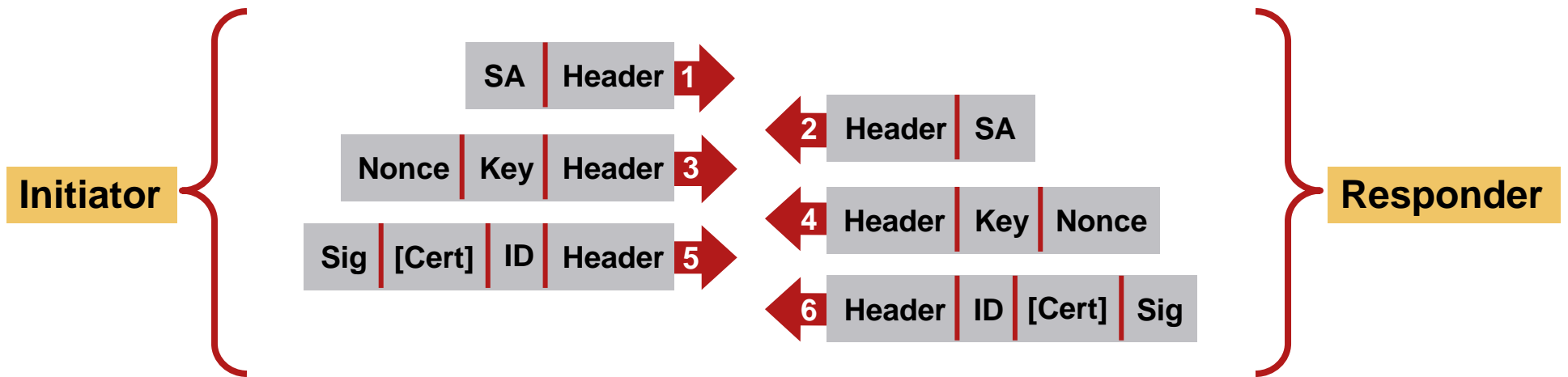
- Each phase has its SAs: **ISAKMP SA** (Phase 1) and **IPsec SA** (Phase 2).

IKE and ISAKMP

- IKE is a key exchange mechanism.
- It is typically used for establishing IPsec sessions.
- There are five variations of an IKE negotiation:
 - Two modes (aggressive mode and main mode)
 - Three authentication methods (preshared, public key encryption, and public key signature)
- **IKE is a sheer key exchange protocol.**

IKE: Main Mode (Phase 1)

ISAKMP Main Mode

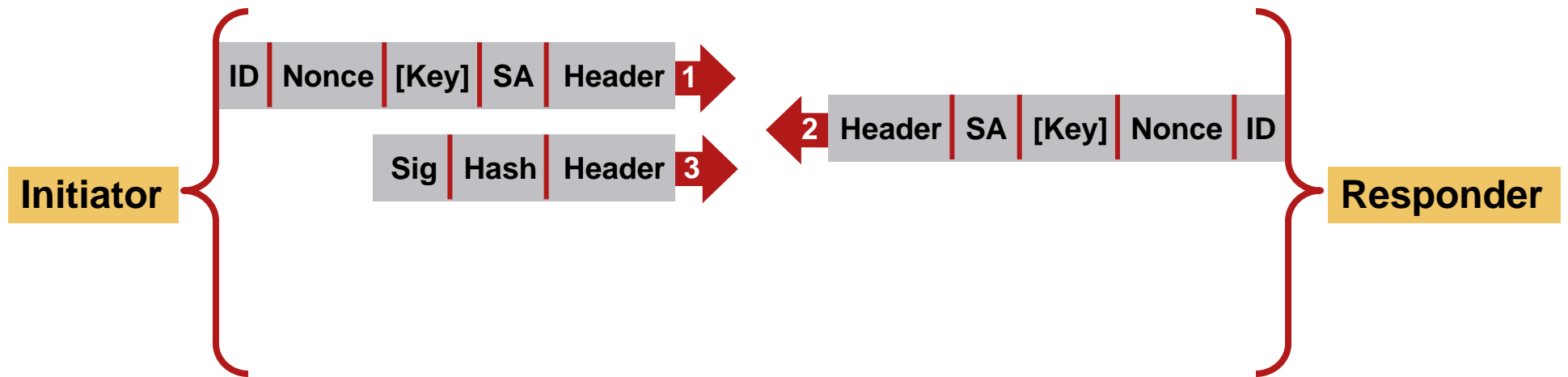


- **MSG 1:** Initiator offers acceptable encryption and authentication algorithms (3DES, MD5, or RSA)—i.e., the transform-set.
- **MSG 2:** Responder presents acceptance of the proposal (or not).
- **MSG 3:** Initiator Diffie-Hellman key and nonce (key value is usually a number of 1024-bit length).
- **MSG 4:** Responder Diffie-Hellman key and nonce.
- **MSG 5:** Initiator signature, ID, and keys (maybe cert), i.e., authentication data.
- **MSG 6:** Responder signature, ID, and keys (maybe cert).

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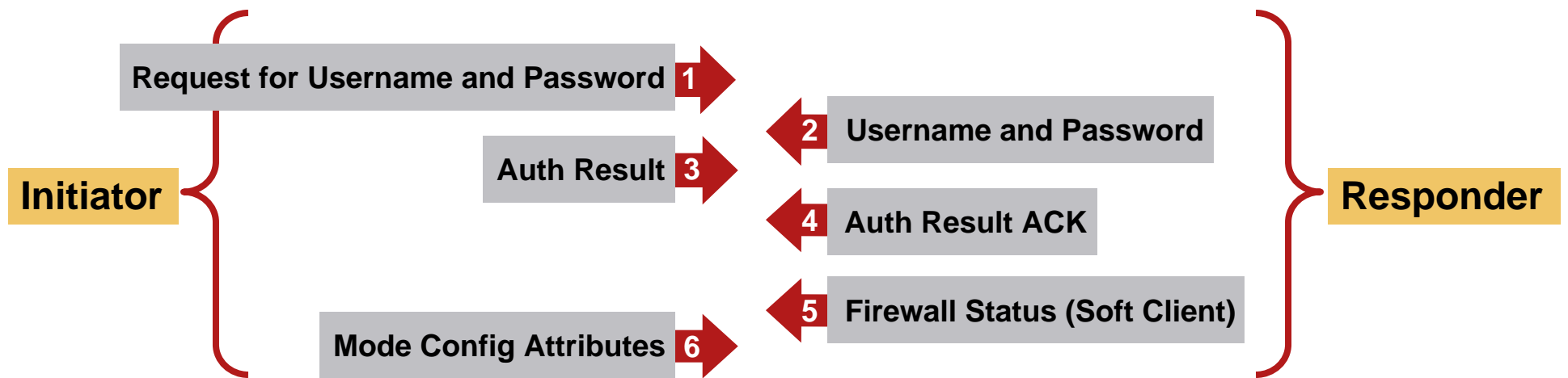
IKE: Aggressive Mode (Phase 1)

ISAKMP Aggressive Mode



- MSG 1: Initiator key exchange, ID, nonce, and parameter proposal
- MSG 2: Responder key exchange, ID, nonce, and acceptable parameters
- MSG 3: Initiator signature, hash, and ID

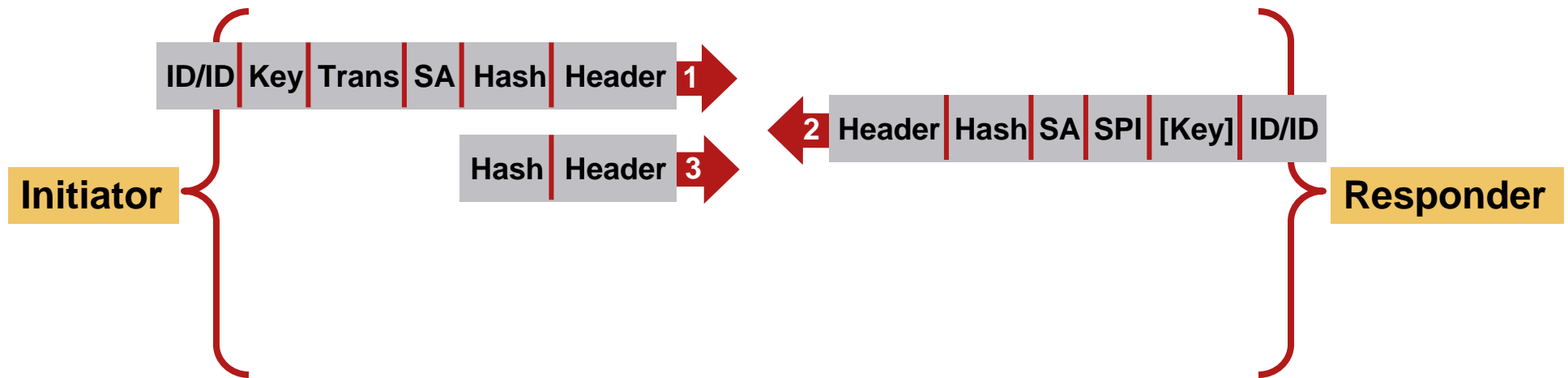
IKE: Transaction Mode (Cisco Easy VPN Client)



- Transaction mode facilitates user authentication and the transfer of mode config attributes.
- Hardware and software clients only.
- The number of messages may vary depending on authentication protocol (RADIUS, SDI, etc.)

IKE: Quick Mode (Phase 2)

Quick Mode



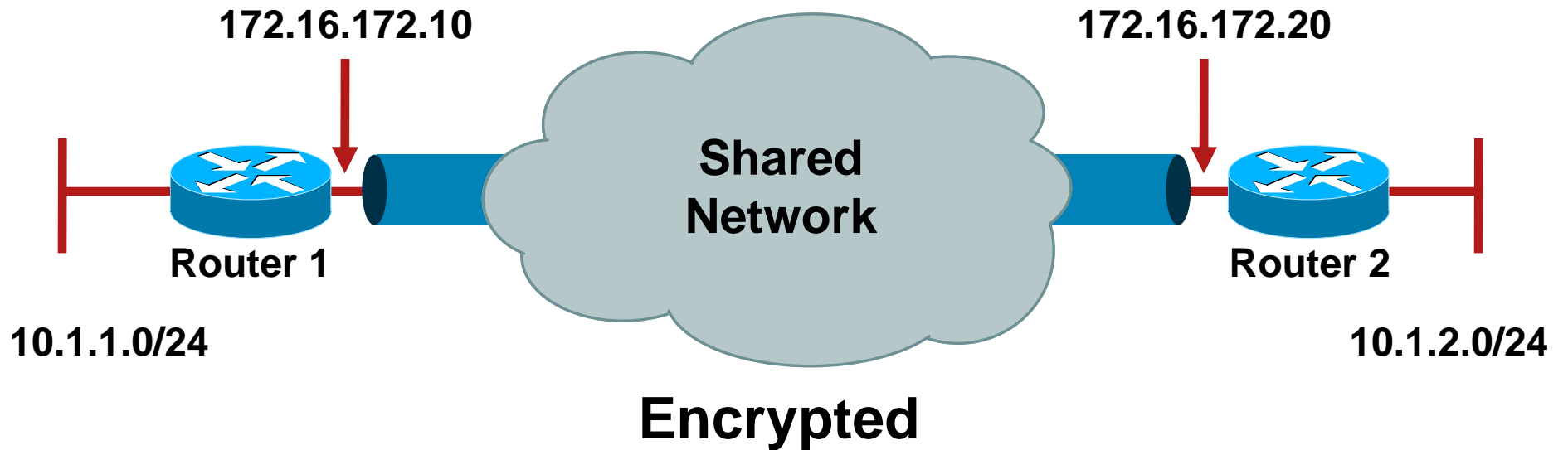
- MSG 1: Hash, SA proposal, IPsec transform, keying material, and ID (proxy identities, source, and destination)
- MSG 2: Responder hash, agreed to SA proposal, Responder SPI, and key
- MSG 3: Hash to verify current and live peer

Now passing encrypted traffic

Basic IPsec Configuration



Layout



Router Configurations

```
crypto isakmp policy 1 ←  
  encr 3des  
  authentication pre-share  
crypto isakmp key C!scO address 172.16.172.20  
!  
crypto ipsec transform-set myset esp-3des esp-md5-hmac  
!  
crypto map vpn 10 ipsec-isakmp  
  set peer 172.16.172.20  
  set transform-set myset  
  match address 101
```

“crypto isakmp policy..” command defines the Phase 1 SA parameters

“crypto ipsec transform-set..” command defines IPsec encryption and authentication algorithm

“crypto map..” command defines the IPsec SA (Phase 2 SA) parameters

Router Configurations

```
interface Ethernet0/0
 ip address 10.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
!
```

Interface that is connected to the private side of the network

```
interface Ethernet1/0
 ip address 172.16.172.10 255.255.255.240
 crypto map vpn
!
```

Crypto map is then applied to an outbound interface

```
access-list 101 permit ip 10.1.1.0 0.0.0.255
10.1.2.0 0.0.0.255
```

Access-list defines interesting VPN traffic

Router Configurations

```
R1#show crypto map
```

```
Crypto Map "vpn" 10 ipsec-isakmp
```

```
Peer = 172.16.172.20
```

```
Extended IP access list 101
```

```
access-list 101 permit ip 10.1.1.0 0.0.0.255 10.1.2.0  
0.0.0.255
```

```
Current peer: 172.16.172.20
```

```
Security association lifetime: 4608000 kilobytes/3600 seconds
```

```
PFS (Y/N): N
```

```
Transform sets={ myset, }
```

```
Interfaces using crypto map vpn:
```

```
Ethernet1/0
```

Interpreting Basic IPsec Debugs



Debug Commands Explained

The next 10 slides show output of the debug commands listed below and explain how to interpret these debugs during each stage of tunnel establishment.

- debug crypto isakmp
- debug crypto ipsec
- debug crypto engine

Tunnel Establishment

- ICMP source and destination addresses equal match address ACL for the crypto map vpn.



Interesting Traffic Received



```
00:04:10: IPsec(sa_request): ,  
  (key eng. msg.) OUTBOUND local= 172.16.172.10, remote= 172.16.172.20,  
  local_proxy = 10.1.1.0/255.255.255.0/0/0 (type=4),  
  remote_proxy = 10.1.2.0/255.255.255.0/0/0 (type=4),
```

- 'local' is the local tunnel end-point; 'remote' is the remote crypto end point as configured in the map; local_proxy is the src interesting traffic as defined by the match address access list; and remote_proxy is the destination interesting traffic as defined by the match address access list.

```
protocol= ESP, transform= esp-3des esp-md5-hmac ,  
  lifedur= 3600s and 4608000kb,  
  spi= 0x4A10F22E(1242624558), conn_id= 0, keysize= 0, flags= 0x400C
```

- The protocol and the transforms are specified by the crypto map, which has been hit, as are the lifetimes.

IKE Main Mode Negotiation: Phase 1 SA Negotiation

- Begins main mode exchange; the first two packets negotiate Phase 1 SA parameters.



```
ISAKMP: received ke message (1/1)
```

```
ISAKMP: local port 500, remote port 500
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): Input = IKE_MSG_FROM_IPsec, IKE_SA_REQ_MM
```

```
Old State = IKE_READY New State = IKE_I_MM1
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): beginning Main Mode exchange
```

```
00:04:10: ISAKMP (0:1): sending packet to 172.16.172.20 (I)
```

```
MM_NO_STATE
```

```
00:04:10: ISAKMP (0:1): received packet from 172.16.172.20
```

```
(I) MM_NO_STATE
```

```
00:04:10: ISAKMP (0:1): Input = IKE_MSG_FROM_PEER,
```

```
IKE_MM_EXCH
```

```
Old State = IKE_I_MM1 New State = IKE_I_MM2
```

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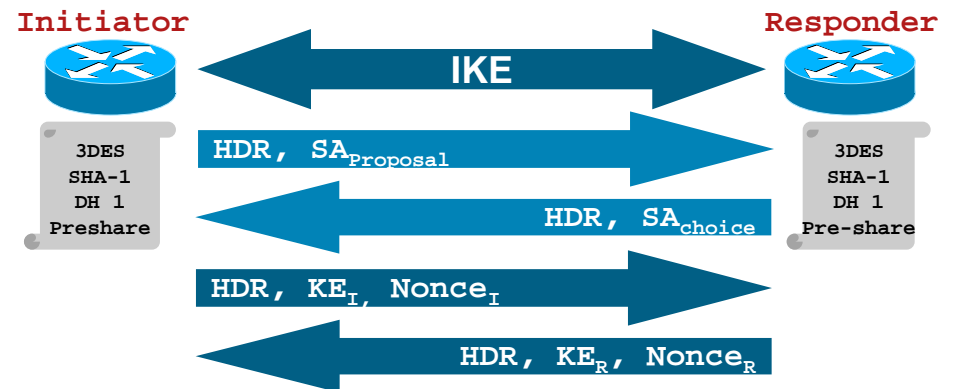
IKE Main Mode Negotiation: Phase 1 SA Negotiation

```
00:04:10: ISAKMP (0:1): processing SA payload. message ID = 0
00:04:10: ISAKMP (0:1): found peer pre-shared key matching 172.16.172.20
00:04:10: ISAKMP (0:1): Checking ISAKMP transform 1 against priority 1 policy
00:04:10: ISAKMP:          encryption 3DES-CBC
00:04:10: ISAKMP:          hash SHA
00:04:10: ISAKMP:          default group 1
00:04:10: ISAKMP:          auth pre-share
00:04:10: ISAKMP:          life type in seconds
00:04:10: ISAKMP:          life duration (VPI) of  0x0 0x1 0x51 0x80
00:04:10: ISAKMP (0:1): atts are acceptable. Next payload is 0
00:04:10: ISAKMP (0:1): Input = IKE_MESG_INTERNAL, IKE_PROCESS_MAIN_MODE
Old State = IKE_I_MM2  New State = IKE_I_MM2
```

- **The policy 1 on this router and the atts offered by the other side matched.**

IKE Main Mode Negotiation: DH Exchange

- The third and fourth packets complete the Diffie-Hellman exchange.



```
ISAKMP (0:1): sending packet to
172.16.172.20 (I) MM_SA_SETUP
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): Input = IKE_MSG_INTERNAL,
```

```
IKE_PROCESS_COMPLETE Old State = IKE_I_MM2 New State = IKE_I_MM3
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): received packet from 172.16.172.20 (I) MM_SA_SETUP
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): Input = IKE_MSG_FROM_PEER, IKE_MM_EXCH
```

```
Old State = IKE_I_MM3 New State = IKE_I_MM4
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): processing KE payload. message ID = 0
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): processing NONCE payload. message ID = 0
```

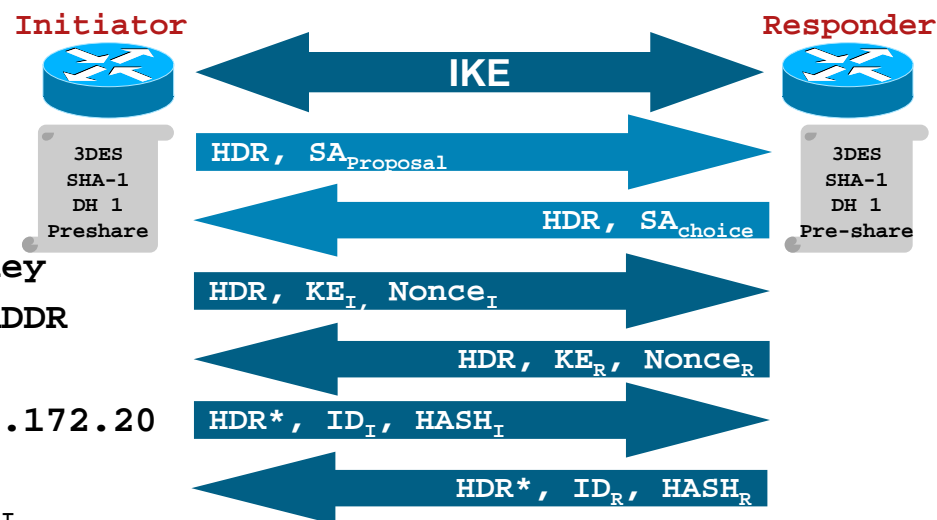
```
ISAKMP (0:1): found peer pre-shared key matching 172.16.172.20
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): SKEYID state generated
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): processing vendor id payload
```

IKE Main Mode Negotiation: Authentication

- The fifth and sixth packets complete IKE authentication; Phase 1 SA established.



```
ISAKMP (0:1): SA is doing pre-shared key authentication using id type ID_IPV4_ADDR
```

```
.....
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): sending packet to 172.16.172.20
```

```
(I) MM_KEY_EXCH
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): Input = IKE_MSG_INTERNAL,
```

```
IKE_PROCESS_COMPLETEOld State = IKE_I_MM4 New State = IKE_I_MM5
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): received packet from 172.16.172.20 (I) MM_KEY_EXCH
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): Input = IKE_MSG_FROM_PEER, IKE_MM_EXCH
```

```
Old State = IKE_I_MM5 New State = IKE_I_MM6
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): processing ID payload. message ID = 0
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): processing HASH payload. message ID = 0
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): SA has been authenticated with 172.16.172.20
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): Input = IKE_MSG_INTERNAL, IKE_PROCESS_COMPLETE
```

```
Old State = IKE_I_MM6 New State = IKE_P1_COMPLETE
```

IKE Quick Mode: Phase 2 SA Begins

- Begin Quick Mode exchange; IPsec SA will be negotiated in QM.



ISAKMP (0:1): **beginning Quick Mode exchange,**

M-ID of 965273472

ISAKMP (0:1): **sending packet to 172.16.172.20 (I) QM_IDLE**

ISAKMP (0:1): Node 965273472, Input = IKE_MESG_INTERNAL,
IKE_INIT_QM Old State = IKE_QM_READY **New State = IKE_QM_I_QM1**

ISAKMP (0:1): **received packet from 172.16.172.20 (I) QM_IDLE**

- The IPsec SA proposal offered by the far end will be checked against local crypto map configuration.

ISAKMP (0:1): processing HASH payload. message ID = 965273472

ISAKMP (0:1): processing SA payload. message ID = 965273472

IKE Quick Mode: Phase 2 SA Negotiation

ISAKMP (0:1): **Checking IPsec proposal 1**

ISAKMP: transform 1, ESP_3DES

ISAKMP: attributes in transform:

ISAKMP: **encaps** is 1

ISAKMP: **SA life type** in seconds

ISAKMP: **SA life duration** (basic) of 3600

ISAKMP: SA life type in kilobytes

ISAKMP: SA life duration (VPI) of 0x0 0x46 0x50 0x0

ISAKMP: **authenticator** is HMAC-MD5

ISAKMP (0:1): **atts are acceptable.**

IPsec(validate_proposal_request): proposal part #1,

(key eng. msg.) **INBOUND local= 172.16.172.10, remote= 172.16.172.20,**

local_proxy= 10.1.1.0/255.255.255.0/0/0 (type=4),

remote_proxy= 10.1.2.0/255.255.255.0/0/0 (type=4),

protocol= ESP, transform= esp-3des esp-md5-hmac ,

lifedur= 0s and 0kb,

spi= 0x0(0), conn_id= 0, keysize= 0, flags= 0x4

IKE Quick Mode: Phase 2 SA (Inbound and Outbound SA)

Two IPsec SAs have been negotiated:

- An incoming SA with the SPI generated by the local machine
- An outbound SA with the SPI proposed by the remote end

```
ISAKMP (0:1): Creating IPsec SAs
```

```
inbound SA from 172.16.172.20 to 172.16.172.10(proxy 10.1.2.0 to 10.1.1.0)  
has spi 0x8EAB0B22 and conn_id 2029 and flags 4  
lifetime of 3600 seconds lifetime of 4608000 kilobytes
```

```
outbound SA from 172.16.172.10 to 172.16.172.20 (proxy 10.1.1.0 to 10.1.2.0)  
has spi -343614331 and conn_id 2030 and flags C  
lifetime of 3600 seconds lifetime of 4608000 kilobytes
```

IKE Quick Mode: Phase 2 SA Negotiated

- The IPsec SA info negotiated by IKE will be populated into the router SADB.

```
00:04:10: IPsec(key_engine): got a queue event...
00:04:10: IPsec(initialize_sas): ,
(key eng. msg.) INBOUND local= 172.16.172.10, remote= 172.16.172.20,
local_proxy= 10.1.1.0/255.255.255.0/0/0 (type=4),
remote_proxy= 10.1.2.0/255.255.255.0/0/0 (type=4),
protocol= ESP, transform= esp-3des esp-md5-hmac ,
lifedur= 3600s and 4608000kb,
spi= 0x8EAB0B22(2393574178), conn_id= 2029, keysize= 0, flags= 0x4
00:04:10: IPsec(initialize_sas): ,
(key eng. msg.) OUTBOUND local= 172.16.172.10, remote= 172.16.172.20,
local_proxy= 10.1.1.0/255.255.255.0/0/0 (type=4),
remote_proxy= 10.1.2.0/255.255.255.0/0/0 (type=4),
protocol= ESP, transform= esp-3des esp-md5-hmac ,
lifedur= 3600s and 4608000kb,
spi= 0xEB84DC85(3951352965), conn_id= 2030, keysize= 0, flags= 0xC
```

IKE Quick Mode: Phase 2 SA Created in SADB

- IPsec SA is created in SADB, sent out last packet with commit bit set, and the IPsec tunnel is established.

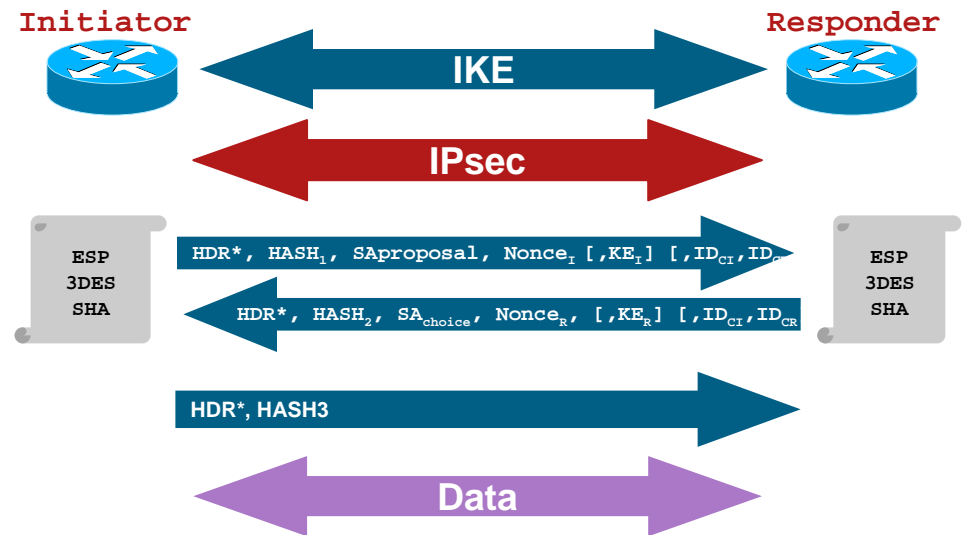
```
IPsec(create_sa): sa created,
(sa) sa_dest= 172.16.172.10,
sa_prot= 50,
sa_spi= 0x8EAB0B22(2393574178),
sa_trans= esp-3des esp-md5-hmac ,
sa_conn_id= 2029
```

```
IPsec(create_sa): sa created,
(sa) sa_dest= 172.16.172.20, sa_prot= 50, sa_spi= 0xEB84DC85(3951352965),
sa_trans= esp-3des esp-md5-hmac , sa_conn_id= 2030
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): sending packet to 172.16.172.20 (I) QM_IDLE
```

```
ISAKMP (0:1): Node 965273472, Input = IKE_MSG_FROM_PEER, IKE_QM_EXCH
```

```
Old State = IKE_QM_I_QM1 New State = IKE_QM_PHASE2_COMPLETE
```

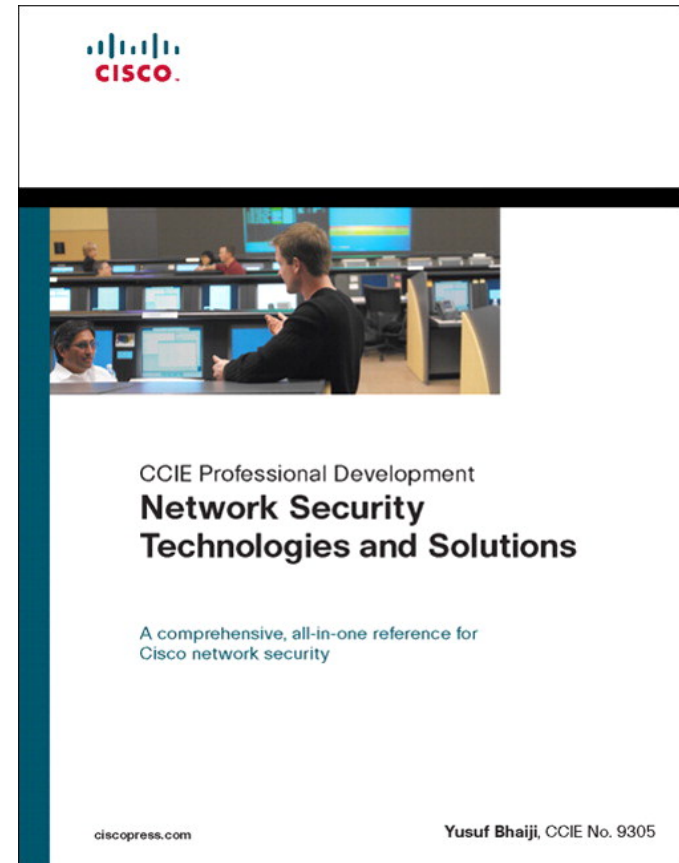


Recommended Reading

Network Security Technologies
and Solutions (CCIE Professional
Development Series)

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By Yusuf Bhajji





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